

United Nations Development Programme
Afghanistan
National Disaster Management Project (NDMP)
Third Quarter Project Progress Report 2010



Training participants on CBDRM from ANDMA, Kabul University, MRRD and NGOs during training group work

Project ID:	00073939
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CPAP Component:	Livelihoods, natural resources management, and DRR.
ANDS Component:	Pillar 3, Social Protection Sector
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Responsible Agency:	UNDP

NDMP DONORS

Bureau for Crises Prevention and Recovery

and

UNDP Afghanistan



Acronyms

S/No	Acronyms	Full form
1	ADPC	Asian Disaster Preparedness Center
2	ANDMA	Afghanistan National Disaster Management Authority
3	ANDS	Afghanistan National Development Strategy
4	BCPR	Bureau for Crises Prevention and Recovery
5	CBDRM	Community Based Disaster Risk Management
6	CDRRP	Comprehensive Disaster Risk Reduction Project
7	CPR	Crisis Prevention and Recovery
8	DM	Disaster Management
9	DMIS	Disaster Management Information System
10	DRM	Disaster Risk Management
11	DRR	Disaster Risk Reduction
12	EOC	Emergency Operation Center
13	NDMC	National Disaster Management Commission
14	NDML	National Disaster Management Law
15	NDMP	National Disaster Management Plan
16	NEOC	National Emergency Operation Centre
17	NGO	Non-government Organization
18	PDMC	Provincial Disaster Management Commission
19	PDMP	Provincial Disaster Management Plan
20	PDNA	Post Disaster Need Assessment
21	UN	United Nations
22	UNDAF	United Nations Development Assistance Framework

Table of Contents

Executive Summary	1
I. Context	2
II. Status of the progress towards the achievement of outputs/outcomes	3
Output 1: National Institutional Disaster Management Capacity enhanced	3
Output 2: Provincial Disaster Management Capacity built.....	4
Risks	6
III. Lessons Learned	6
IV. Future Plans	7
Annexes	10
Annex I. Performance Tracking Matrix (2010)	10
Annex II. Risk Log.....	12
Annex III. Issues Log	13

Executive Summary

National Disaster Management Project (NDMP) remained focused on implementation of the project activities in line with priorities of social protection pillar of Afghanistan National Development Strategy (ANDS) and Afghanistan National Disaster Management Authority. Major achievements of the third quarter were revision of the National Disaster Management Plan, development of the guideline for effective and transparent use of the National Emergency Fund (NEF), National Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) capacity needs assessment and capacity development activities such as support to Kabul University and ANDMA respectively.

ANDMA has established Rapid Assessment Team during the second quarter of this year. The same team was used during the recent floods in the country to assess impact of the disaster, needs of the affected people, and collect and compile information for effective response. The effort of the team was appraised highly by the National Disaster Management Commission (NDMC) in general and His Excellency Second Vice President in particular. To make sure that the post disaster assistance and relief fund is transparently and effectively distributed, a guideline for the effective and transparent use of NEF is also developed. This will help the NDMC and relevant actors working on relief and response assistance to utilize the fund more transparently and support the right victims of disasters in a timely manner.

The National Disaster Management Plan is also being revised which will enable all actors in the area of DRR to understand their role and responsibilities and carryout activities in their respective fields before, during and after any disasters. Likewise, to strengthen the coordination and information sharing system NDMP strengthened the National Emergency Operation Centre (NEOC) with communication devices such as Codan, fax machines, computers and basic furniture. Thirty-four sets of Codan base stations and fax machines were provided to 34 provincial ANDMA offices. In addition, training was organized for ANDMA officials of main and provincial offices on the installation, use and maintenance of Codan communication system. This will ensure smooth communication in normal and disaster situation and will facilitate timely information flow during the disasters.

During the quarter, NDMP also supported the Kabul University, Department of Environmental Protection and Disaster Management to revise the current curricula on disaster management. The Project also provided equipment such as computers, photocopy machines, projectors, furniture and books both text and reference on environmental protection and disaster management. Such resources will be used by students, faculty members and also individuals wanting to acquire knowledge on DRR. As requested by ANDMA, NDMP also carried out a national DRR capacity needs assessment during the reporting quarter.

Under the second output of the project 11 additional Province Disaster Management Plans (PDMPs) were draft and during the course of PDMP formulation, additional 980 Provincial Disaster Management Committee (PDMC) members were trained on disaster management at the provincial level. Likewise, to initiate Community Based Disaster Risk Management (CBDRM) activities at the field level, a national training on CBDRM was organized from August 31 to September 7, 2010 in Kabul. A total of twenty six (26) participants from ANDMA, Kabul University, international non-governmental organizations (INGOs) and local non-governmental organizations (NGOs) participated in the training programme. This training will enable ANDMA, Kabul University and I/NGOs to implement CBDRM activities at the field level.

On the request of ANDMA, UNDP/NDMP designed and organized a national level training on Disaster Risk Assessment at the end of July 2010 in Kabul. The training was provided to those participants who will lead the national risk assessment exercise practically. In addition, training participants will revise the training materials to align it with local context, translate it into local languages and roll-out similar trainings in the country.

The major challenge that the project faced during this quarter was the lack of trained and motivated national professionals in the field of DRR at all levels. Therefore, NDMP is planning to organize several trainings on different aspects of DRR in the country targeting national professionals based on recently concluded national DRR capacity needs assessment.

I. Context

Afghanistan is recurrently hit by natural disasters causing losses of lives, livelihoods and property. In recent decades, this has led to massive problems of food insecurity and a population exodus from the worst-hit areas. According to the World Disaster Report (2009), between 1989 and 2008, about 15,760 people were killed and 11 million people were affected by natural disasters in Afghanistan. Moreover, in 2008 alone 1,331 people were killed and 451,904 people were affected by natural disasters. Vulnerability to disaster risk has increased significantly as coping capacities have been eroded due to the prolonged conflict.

Since 2003, the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan in partnership with the United Nations (UN) and other development organizations has developed key policy documents such as the Disaster Management Framework, National Strategy for Disaster Management, National Disaster Management Plan and the revision of National Disaster Management Law. The National Emergency Commission, under the leadership of the Second Vice President, has been established and the Afghanistan National Development Strategy (ANDS) has been developed where disaster management has been targeted within the Social Protection Sector with a target statement saying "by 2010, an effective system for disaster preparedness and response will be in place". Despite the rapid progress made in the past few years, there is urgent need for strengthening legal and policy frameworks, and the developing capacity of ANDMA and key ministries for effective disaster risk reduction and response.

In keeping with the United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF) priorities and ANDS benchmark, the five-year Comprehensive Disaster Risk Reduction Project (CDRRP) was launched in 2007 and implemented till 2009. The project's goal was, "to reduce the level of community vulnerability to natural and human induced hazards down to manageable and humanitarian levels". During 2009 UNDP reviewed the project and revised its outputs to make them in line with Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA) and ANDS with a new project i.e. National Disaster Management Project (NDMP). NDMP seeks to achieve this goal by strengthening national and provincial capacities of the Afghanistan DM system to reduce risks and improve response and recovery management at all levels. This will result in achieving UNDP Country Programme Action Plan (CPAP) Output 5.4. – stating "Government and communities have better capacity for disaster risk reduction".

The main implementing partner of this project is ANDMA; the nodal government agency. Besides ANDMA, other main stakeholders at the national level, in the implementation of NDMP are key Line Ministries (LMs), UN agencies, I/NGOs, and Kabul University. At the sub-national level, the provincial authorities, ANDMA provincial directorates, I/NGOs and local communities are the key partners.

The direct beneficiaries of the NDMP are (i) communities and community based organisations in vulnerable districts (ii) ANDMA, relevant LMs, provincial and district officials (including NGOs).

II. Status of the progress towards the achievement of outputs/outcomes

Output 1: National Institutional Disaster Management Capacity enhanced

1.1. Activity Result: Strengthen rapid assessment of relief and Humanitarian needs in situations of crisis

Rapid assessment of relief and humanitarian needs in post disaster situation is imperative to reduce number of casualties and impact of disasters. Following the training on Rapid Emergency Need Assessment and Emergency Planning conducted during the first quarter and development of guidelines and templates for the assessments during the second quarter. ANDMA also established a Rapid Assessment Team of seven members (all male) after the training programme. The team members were deployed during the recent floods in the country to assess the situation/ impact, needs and provide information for effective response which was appraised highly by the National Disaster Management Commission (NDMC) in general and His Excellency Second Vice President in particular. Furthermore, while in the field, the team also trained officials from ANDMA provincial offices to assess the losses, damages, and needs in the wake of a disaster and to submit situation report for assistance to the NDMC through ANDMA main office in Kabul.

1.2. Activity Result: Guidelines for relief assistance established

This activity was completed during the second quarter of this year and reported upon during last quarter.

1.3. Activity Result: Guidelines for National Emergency Fund established

The activity was initiated during the second quarter through assigning of a consultant to review the current procedures, meet relevant stockholders (ministries, and I/NOGs), based on the review and interactions/ discussions, develop pragmatic and transparent guidelines for effective and efficient use of National Emergency Fund (NEF). During the third quarter, through close consultation with Line Ministries, ANDMA, I/NGOs and UN agencies, and field visits, NDMP developed guidelines for the transparent and effective utilization of NEF.

The guideline will help the NDMC and relevant actors working on relief and response assistance to utilize the fund more transparently and effectively to assist affected people. The final guidelines will be shared and officially launched during October 2010.

1.4. Activity Result: National Disaster Management Plan revised.

The National Disaster Management Plan was prepared in 2003. In the last six years, lots of changes have happened such as development of the Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA) at the global level, establishment of ANDMA at national level, which needed to be reflected in the National Disaster Management Plan.

During the second quarter, NDMP contracted an international expert to review all the available documents, policies, procedures, Acts, and guidelines on disaster management at the national and global levels such as the HFA. This was followed by several meetings and discussions with key government agencies such as MRRD NEC, ANDMA; UN agencies; I/NGOs and a field mission to Mazar to identify the implementation gaps of the national disaster management plan and its linkages with the PDMP. Based on these meetings, interactions and field visit, the National Disaster Management Plan of Afghanistan was revised.

The revised NDMP will enable all actors in the area of DRR to understand their role and carry out activities in their respective fields before, during and after any disaster occurs.

1.5. Activity Result: Activity Result Support for DM facilities

ANDMA has established a National Emergency Operations Centre (NEOC) in its main office in Kabul. However, it is poorly equipped and as yet not functioning well. Following an exposure tour of two ANDMA NEOC officials to India and based on their recommendation, NDMP strengthened NEOC with the support of communication devices such as Codan, fax machines, computers and basic furniture. Likewise, 34 Codan base stations and fax machines were also provided to 34 provincial ANDMA offices. In addition, training was organized for ANDMA officials both from main and provincial offices on installation, use and maintenance of Codan communication system. Similarly, thirteen (13) vehicles were also provided to ANDMA province offices during this quarter. It is anticipated that with the support of fax machine, communication devices and vehicle, ANDMA province offices will be able to collect, compile and disseminate disaster related information on time, which will ultimately enhance coordination mechanisms both at national and province levels.

1.6. Activity result: Training and Capacity Building for DRM

In 2008, disaster management was introduced as a subject by the Faculty of Geo-sciences at the Kabul University through the support from UNDP/CDRRP. Subsequently, to review the existing curricula, a study tour for Kabul University faculty members to Indian Universities running a similar programme was conducted in the second quarter. Based on the request from the University, NDMP provided furniture, computers, printers, scanners and projectors during current quarter. Similarly, text and reference books on disaster management and environmental protection worth about USD 30,000 were also provided. The relevant content of these books will be translated into local languages during the fourth quarter of this year.

Furthermore, faculties and students from the Department of Environmental Protection and Disaster Management, Kabul University are being invited to various training programmes organized by NDMP within and outside the country. The ultimate goal is to make the Kabul University a “**Centre of Excellence**” in the field of disaster management and environmental sciences. This will subsequently result in raising local capacity in the field of DRR and environmental science.

1.7. Activity Result: Set-up an Early Recovery Network

This activity was completed during the second quarter of 2010 and has been reported in the previous quarter.

1.8 Result: Support Post-Disaster Needs Assessment (PDNA)

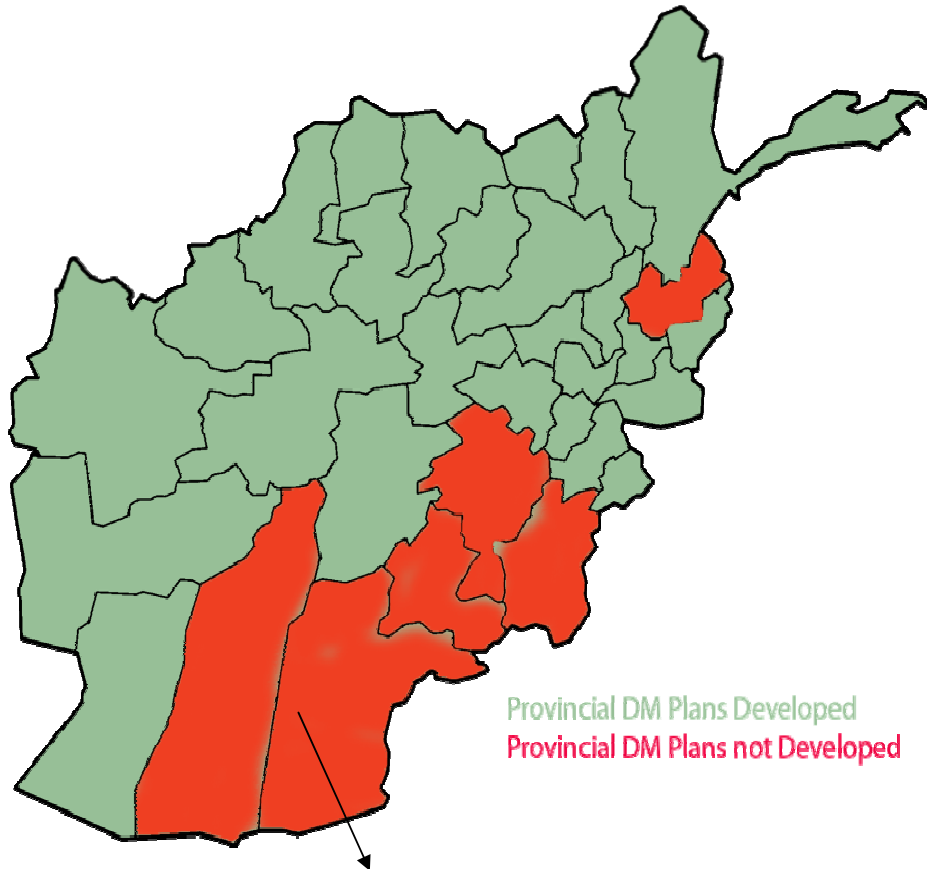
Following the Rapid Emergency Need Assessment (RENA) training conducted in the first quarter, the project has supported ANDMA to deploy the trained human resources for the flood damage assessment during the recent floods in different parts of the country. The assessment team will be further strengthened by provision of improved tools and formats in the near future.

Output 2: Provincial Disaster Management Capacity built

2.1. Activity Result: Strengthen rapid assessment of relief and Humanitarian needs in situations of crisis Activity Result: Support DM Plans and Facilities.

During the first and second quarters, NDMP was able to train 595 members of the Provincial Disaster Management Committee (PDMC)-about 35 members in each province-to develop and implement PDMP in 17 provinces of the country. During the third quarter, additional 11 PDMPs

were developed and 980 PDMC members were trained. During the training programmes, participants were familiarized on the basic concepts of disaster management (Hazard, Disaster, Risk, Vulnerability, Risk Probability and Risk Reduction/Mitigation) and developing DM plan at the province level.



Helmand, Kandahar, Zabul, Ghazni, Paktika and Nuristan

2.2. Activity Result: Conduct training and drills at community level for disaster preparedness

Community Based Disaster Risk Management (CBDRM) focuses on working with communities to build community resilience. To initiate CBDRM in selected communities, NDMP jointly with ANDMA organized a National Training on CBDRM during the third quarter. 26 participants (6 female and 20 male) from ANDMA, Kabul University, international organizations and local organizations participated in this training programme. ANDMA will utilize these trained human resources to pursue CBDRM activities at the community level and roll out similar trainings at the provincial and community level. This training was organized based on the training manual on CBDRM developed during the last quarter.

2.3. Activity Result: Pilot Risk Assessment for two Provinces

During the reporting quarter, NDMP in close partnership with ANDMA, organized a national training on Disaster Risk Assessment, detailed above. The main objectives of this training were (1) raise national capacity on disaster risk assessment (2) roll out similar trainings at different levels and (3) pursue multi-hazard and comprehensive disaster risk assessment in the country.

Challenges

During this quarter, the project encountered following challenges:

- Trained and motivated human resources in the field of disaster risk reduction at all levels are very limited. To overcome this challenge from a long term and sustainable perspective, NDMP recently pursued national DRR capacity need assessment. NDMP will design and organize several capacity building activities in the days to come on the basis of this assessment report in close collaboration of ANDMA and Kabul University.
- **Resource mobilization for new project:** NDMP recently developed a new project document for next five year (2011 – 2015) with a focus to assist government in implementing HFA priorities. Resource mobilization due to several reasons such as low priority of donors on DRR activities and weak government capacity, the resource mobilization is a challenge to NDMP.
- **Change in ANDMA management:** the recent appointment of new General Director, ANDMA may delay implementation of project activities as he may need more time to understand the project activities and ANDMA's role in implementing these activities.

Risks

Years of continued conflict, high levels of poverty and unemployment, environmental degradation and poor infrastructure have increased the vulnerability of the people and insecurity at all levels. It is highly likely that present level of insecurity will continue in the days to come or even worsen in all parts of the country due to recently held election.

NDMP is planning to expand its field level activities in many disaster prone areas of the country. However, if the current security situation remains the same, NDMP will be able to implement field level activities only in few selected provinces such as Balkh and Bamiyan, where it is possible to visit the selected sites/ communities regularly and implement activities. NDMP is closely working with other UNDP supported projects and the Security team to identify locations (districts and communities) where project staff can visit and implement disaster risk reduction activities. Likewise, NDMP is selecting few local I/NGOs working at the community level to implement activities such as CBDRM and capacity building.

III. Lessons Learned

Afghanistan is a signatory to the HFA and remains committed to implement the priorities as laid down by the HFA. However, the previous project (CDRRP) didn't address the priority areas of the HFA during its implementation phase (2007-2009). Therefore, in close consultation with ANDMA, the on-going project (NDMP) is trying to achieve some of the HFA priorities during 2010 and 2011.

Similarly, the school safety programme implemented during 2007-2009, was one of the successful programmes as it trained more than 33 thousand teachers and students from 10 schools in Kabul in the field of Fire Fighting, First Aid and Search and Rescue. After the training programmes, the project provided basic life saving equipment (stretchers, shovel, rope, first-aid kits, loud speakers, etc.) to these ten schools. Many schools here in Kabul realized that such trainings and equipment can tremendously help them to save their pupil's life in case of a major disaster such as earthquake. Therefore, many schools have been requesting the project to organize such trainings and equipment to save life of children from future disasters. As the school teachers, students and the Ministry of Education found this activity useful, NDMP in close consultation with the Ministry of Education is organizing school safety programme in selected disaster prone schools both within and outside Kabul.

DRR capacity at all levels and across sectors is very weak in Afghanistan. NDMP has been receiving several requests from government agencies and I/NGOs to design and organize trainings on different aspects of DRR to them. Similarly, few I/NGOs have designed and organized little training on DRR without knowing the specific need of such trainings. As of now there is no any national level assessment on the need of such DRR related training in the country. Therefore, NDMP recently completed the national DRR capacity need assessment to know what capacity exists and what the gaps from HFA perspective in Afghanistan are. This will help NDMP and other DRR actors to know the exact types of trainings that are required in Afghanistan.

NDMP has been supporting ANDMA to develop Province Disaster Management Plans (PDMPs) in different provinces. As of now, 28 Provinces have developed the PDMPs. However, due to lack of trained human and financial resources, these plans are not being implemented in many provinces. With this experience, NDMP will assist few selected disaster prone provinces to implement priority activities as mentioned in the Plan.

IV. Future Plans

Based on last three quarters experiences, following activities are planned for the fourth quarter of this year:

- Large scale capacity building activities at all levels ;
- Support relevant key Ministries to develop sectoral disaster management Plans;
- Strengthen The Department of Environmental Protection and Disaster Management, Kabul University;
- Large scale public awareness activities at all levels;
- Support Provinces on implantation of PDMPs;
- Implement CBDRM Activities;
- Risk assessment exercise in selected provinces.

Financial Section:

Table 1. Total Income and Expenditure

Donor	Income			EXPENDITURES			BALANCE
	Total Commitment (approx US\$)	Total Received (approx US\$)	Total Receivable (approx US\$)	Total Cumulative Expenditures as of Dec 2009	Current Year 2010 (Cumulative) as of the current Quarter	Total Expenditures	Total Received minus Total Expenditures
UNDP-Core	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	533,539	533,539	466,461
UNDP-BCPR	534,000	534,000	0	0	451,738	451,738	82,262
Total	1,534,000	1,534,000	0	0	985,277	985,277	548,723

Table 2. Expenditure by Major Outputs (2010)

Project Output	Budget (AWP 2010)	Cumulative Expenditure as of the current Quarter	Delivery Rate*	Remarks
Output1: Natnl Instit.DM Capacity enhance	250,081	114,087	46%	
GMS				
Sub-total Output 1.	250,081	114,087	46%	
Output2: Prvncial DM Capacity built	616,719	335,516	54%	
GMS				
Sub-total Output 2	616,719	335,516	54%	
Output3: Tech Assistnce & Mgmt Cost	667,200	535,674	80%	
GMS				
Sub-total Output 3	667,200	535,674	80%	
Grand Total	1,534,000	985,277	64%	

Table 3. Expenditure by Donors (2010)

Donor	Project Output	Budget (AWP 2010)	2010 Cumulative Expenditure as of the current Quarter	Delivery Rate*
UNDP -Core	Output1: Natnl Instit.DM Capacity enhance	120,000	800	0.7%
	Output2: Prvncial DM Capacity built	215,000	0	0.0%
	Output3: Tech Assistance & Mgmt Cost	665,000	532,739	80%
GMS		-	-	
Sub-Total		1,000,000	533,539	53%
UNDP- BCPR	Output1: Natnl Instit.DM Capacity enhance	130,081	113,288	87%
	Output2: Provincial DM Capacity built	401,719	335,516	83%
	Output3: Tech Assistance &Mgmt Cost	2,200	2,935	133%
GMS		-	-	
Sub-Total		534,000	451,738	84%
Grand-Total		1,534,000	985,277	64%

Annexes

Annex I. Performance Tracking Matrix (2010)

Outputs	Performance Indicator	Baseline Information	Performance Benchmark and Target	Implementation Progress in Reporting Quarter
Output: One National institutional disaster management capacity enhanced	a) Relief administration strengthened (b) Disaster management plans developed (c) Facilities and services supported (d) national capacity for DRM enhanced.	a) There is no relief administration system in place (b) ANDMA is lacking the required capacity to lead NGOs and provide technical support on DRM to line ministries and other stakeholders.	(a) National formats for conducting immediate rapid needs assessment established (b) Rapid Assessment Response Team established and trained for ANDMA (c) Existing system of relief assessment reviewed and recommendations made (d) National Norms and guidelines for relief assistance developed through consultations with all relevant stakeholders (e) Guidelines for Relief Assistance adopted through review and consultations with line ministries and other relevant actors (f) Current National emergency fund utilization mechanism reviewed and necessary amendments made (g) Revised utilization guidelines for National Emergency Fund developed (h) National Disaster Management Plan revised through conducting consultative workshops (i) National Search and Rescue capacity strengthened through training of trainers to appropriate agencies (j) sectoral ministries DRM/DRR plans developed (k) NEOC strengthened with further equipment and staff trainings (l) Support provided to Department of Environmental Protection and Disaster Management, Kabul University to design and run an academic programme on DRR/DRM (m) Curriculum for DRR/DRM degree programme refined (n) Translation and printing of text and reference materials on DRR for Kabul University (o) Trainings on DRR at National-Sub National levels designed and conducted (p) Public awareness materials developed and printed for international DRR day (q) Early recovery network set-up to improve coordination between national ministries, international agencies, humanitarian organizations, donors and NGOs (DRR Plate	(a) Completed during first and second quarters (b) Completed during second quarters (c) completed during second quarter (d) Guidelines developed during second quarter (e) Completed during second quarter (f) Policy documents reviewed to prepare transparent and effective guidelines (g) Guidelines being developed and will be finalized during the first half of October 2010 (h) National DM Plan revised. The final plan will be ready by mid-October for circulation (i) will be completed during 4 th quarter of this year (j) Few key sectoral ministries will develop sectoral DM plan during 4 th quarter of this year (k) 36 sets of codan, 34 sets of fax machine and 13 vehicles were provided to ANDMA (l) books worth of about US\$ 30,000, computers, projectors, photocopy machine, furniture were provided to Kabul University (m) Curriculum being reviewed (n) translation of DRR curricula will be commenced during 4 th quarter (o) DRR trainings at sub-national level will be designed and conducted during 4 th quarter (p) will be completed during next quarter (q) ER Network established during 2 nd quarter (r) ER Fund concept note developed during second quarter (s) national capacity

			Form) (r) Early Recovery Policy and Guidelines adapted to Afghan context and adopted by the Early recovery network. (s) post disaster need assessment.	on post need assessment built during second quarter.
Output 2: Provincial disaster management capacity built	a) Provincial DRM capacity built (b) Community coping capacity enhanced (c) communities DRM awareness increased (d) a model project on risk assessment to be piloted;	(a) Only 6 provinces have PDMPs (b) Communities are highly vulnerable due to lack of required capacities among community members to cope with disasters (c) Vulnerability assessment is conducted in 6 provinces.	a) Thirty (30) Provincial DM Plans developed (b) Provincial Search and Rescue Capacities established through strengthening volunteer base (c) Support to implement of Provincial DM plans in few selected provinces (d) Provincial EOCs set-up (e) Volunteer programme developed in selected communities through CBDRM activities (f) CDCs disaster preparedness plans in six selected communities prepared (g) CDCs and Volunteers (including female volunteers) trained in early warning dissemination, evacuation, first aid and light search and rescue (LSAR) and gender issues (h) Community Based Disaster Management Activities implemented in few vulnerable communities (i) school safety programme in few vulnerable schools in selected provinces (j) Mock drills conducted (k) National level training on Risk Assessment designed and organized (l) risk assessment exercise conducted in selected 2 provinces (m) comprehensive integrated risk profile disseminated	(a) 28 province Plan drafted (b) This activities will be completed during 4 th quarter, RFP for this activity has been advertised (c) This activity will be implemented during 4 th quarter (d) Codan, Fax machine to all province EOCs provided including vehicles for 13 provinces (e) will be completed during 4 th quarter (f) will be completed during 4 th quarter (g) will be completed during 4 th quarter (h) Activity started (i) will be completed during 4 th quarter (j) will be completed during 4 th quarter (k) 30 participants participated in this training (l) RFP advertised and actual work will commenced from October 2010 (m) this activity will be completed after the risk assessment exercise.

Annex II. Risk Log

#	Description	Type	Impact & Probability	Mitigation measure / comments	Owner	Submitted/ updated by	Current Status
1	Security constraints for NDMP to design and implement activities at the province, district and community levels.	Security	High	1. Continue working with ANDMA and exploring possibilities with other I/NGOs working in the field of DRR at these levels.	NDMP	Man Thapa	Continuous
2	Insufficient institutional capacity, ownership and institutional development of ANDMA. Tended to result in lack of sustainability/ results of DRR related activities.	Technical /Operational	Medium	1. Bringing ANDMA on fore front while developing and implementing project activities, 2. Raising ANDMA's technical capacity through trainings and hardware support.	ANDMA/ NDMP	Man Thapa/ Maiwand Rohani	Decreased
3	Unpredictable funding situation for long term programme design and implementation.	Economic / Financial/ Political	Medium	New project document drafted for next 5 years and will explore funding possibilities both within and outside UNDP.	CO	Man Thapa	On-going

Annex III. Issues Log

ID	Type	Date	Description and Comments	Status/Priority	Status Change Date	Author
		Identified				
1	ANDMA senior management changed.	15.09.2010	The new appointment of General Director of ANDMA will delayed in implementation of project activities.	Working closely with the ANDMA officials and keeping them in loop of all activities.		Man Thapa/ Maiwand
2	DRR capacity in the country at all levels is very weak	01-01.2010	1. Recently completed the national DRR capacity need assessment. 2. Based on the assessment, several trainings at all levels on different aspects of DRR will be organized in close cooperation with ANDMA and other stakeholders.	1. Implementation of activities in progress.	01.04.2010	Man Thapa/ Maiwa Rohani/ Afzal safi